Retrofit 2050 Re-engineering the City 2020-2050 urban foresight and transition management



EPSRC Retrofit 2050: critical factors for successful transition

Tim Dixon, Professor in Sustainable Futures in the Built Environment, School of Construction Management & Engineering, University of Reading

Retrofit 2050

- Funded under EPSRC Sustainable Urban Environments
- October 2010 –
 September 2014
- 6 universities + nonacademic partners





Vision

To deliver a 'step change' in current knowledge and capacity for a transition to urban sustainability, by **working with key stakeholders** to illuminate challenging but realistic **social & technological options** and pathways for **systemic retrofitting** of two core UK city regions (Greater Manchester and Cardiff/SE Wales) by 2050

Project Objectives

- 1. Analyse through case studies, modelling and international comparison, the technical and social processes underpinning such transitions
- 2. Identify and characterise prospective disruptive technologies and systems innovations which will underpin a transition to sustainability in the built environment
- 3. Articulate and appraise regionally specific visions and prospective pathways for urban scale retrofitting of the built environment.

Project Structure



Key Outputs



What does Retrofit mean?

- To provide a component or feature that a system did not have it when first constructed.
- Urban Retrofit "...the directed alteration of fabric, form or systems in order to improve energy, water and waste efficiencies."



 Focus = Existing stock + 1-2% replacement stock http://www.newlondonlandscape.org /project/208/green-lung-retrofit

'how' do we collectively organise urban retrofit activities at scale to deliver significant environmental, social and economic benefits?



Our research reveals both: i) multiple and competing long-term visions of what a sustainable 'retrofit' city should look like; and ii) radically differing framings of the urban retrofit agenda amongst many of the current actors involved.

The two case study regions: boundaries

Greater Manchester

Cardiff City Region





Eight critical factors for successful transition

- 1. An inclusive urban retrofit agenda
- 2. Compelling retrofit city visions
- 3. Improved modelling and decision support tools
- 4. Institutional capacity, planning and governance
- 5. Access to 'green' finance
- 6. Effective partnerships
- 7. Long term sharing of risks and benefits
- 8. A whole systems perspective

1. An inclusive urban retrofit agenda



1. An inclusive urban retrofit agenda

Need to reflexively reconcile competing framings though:

- consultation
- experimentation
- consensus building

to find *solutions which work in specific local contexts*



2. Compelling retrofit city visions

- Sense of purpose
- Vitality and belief systems
- What sort of future do we want?
- Promote discussion and debate
- Mobilise resources around desired futures



Visions for urban sustainability: Retrofit 2050 Backcasting methodology



Retrofit 2050 City Futures

Smart-Networked City: A hub within a highly mobile and competitive globally networked society

Pervasive, information-rich virtual environments integrated with the physical world, driving efficiencies through automation with market oriented solutions.

Compact City: A site of intensive and efficient urban living

Urban land-use and infrastructure provision are optimised into dense urban settlement forms to reduce demand and improve use of energy and resources.

Self Reliant-Green City: A self-reliant bio-region, living in harmony with nature

A self-reliant system of circular metabolism, where resources are local, demand is constrained and the inputs and outputs of the city are connected (cradle to cradle).









Cardiff City-Regional Futures

Re-engineering the City 2020—2050 urban foresight and transition management

Connected Cardiff

An efficient, innovative city-region with global influence

A vibrant economy focused on green technological solutions. Investment in the 2010s and 2020s drove stronger collaboration between the knowledge sector and commerce to create business clusters that are internationally competitive. Efficiency is a key policy goal, with all utilities overseen by a single body to consider resource management issues in the face of scarcity. Economic growth has underpinned investment in high quality housing, environments and social care services.



Compact Cardiff-Wilderness Valleys

High density urban areas in harmony with green hinterlands

Urban centres predominantly comprise medium rise buildings based around boulevards and parks. Distinctive 'villages' within the city ensure a culturally rich region, connected by electrified rail and shared electric cars. The rural hinterland is returned to wilderness or used for food and biomass crops. Extensive investment in the 2020s – 2040s enabled rebuilding of urban centres with mixed use development and energy, water and waste networks fit for a compact city.



Orchard Cardiff City-Region

A flagship city-region championing self-reliance and community governance Sustainability is at the heart of every policy. With far greater dialogue with communities, planning decisions are much more connected to the needs of communities. Academic research is focused on useful, practical knowledge. Half of all food eaten is produced with the city-region, with urban agriculture making a significant contribution to local employment. Priority is given to local energy production delivered by communityowned schemes.



3. Improved modelling and decisionsupport tools

Need to recognise limitations of current top-down and bottom-up approaches to urban scale modelling:

- Enhance user engagement and user relevance
- Emerging challenges of data rich cities
- Move beyond 'BAU' framings
- Use of more 'dynamic' approaches which acknowledge complexity





4. Institutional capacity, planning and governance

- Failure to develop city scale governance systems with adaptive capacity for long term planning:
- Lack of integration
- Leadership
- Silo mentality
- Short-termism
- Capital vs. whole life costs
- Neglect of KT & best practice



- ✓ Stronger role for regulation to drive uptake of retrofit
- Role for aggregating/ intermediary body integrating multiple stakeholder interests at city level.

5. Access to 'green' finance

- Greater role for UK Green Investment Bank (GIB)
- City-wide financing
 - Competition-based policies?
 - Re-configuration of business rates (energy retrofit tax?)
 - Learning from US PACE Model?
 - Carbon Bonds?

6. Effective partnerships

- Public private partnerships
- Linking back to scaling up responses
- Community buy-in
- Business buy-in
- 'Sticky infrastructure' to attract commercial players



7. Long term sharing of risks and benefits

- The current 'economic' policy framings of retrofit (e.g. the Green Deal's 'golden rule') concerned with creating private value from commercially 'cost effective' measures
- Inevitably focus on the 'low hanging fruit'
- But retrofit for deep decarbonisation will require long-term sharing of risks and collective benefits
- Need for innovative business models which 'recycle' savings for socially necessary investments.

8. A whole systems perspective

- System level innovations hold potential for deep cuts in carbon emissions
- Need to learn from international experience
- Financial and institutional barriers critical for UK
- 'Sticky' infrastructure (urban heat networks, etc.) key to binding large commercial property interests into city retrofit agendas







Re-engineering the City 2020—2050 urban foresight and transition management

In Summary: An Integrated Approach



Re-engineering the City 2020—2050 urban foresight and transition management

www.retrofit2050.org.uk



Re-engineering the City 2020—2050 urban foresight and transition management

Thank you! Contact:

t.j.dixon@reading.ac.uk

http://www.reading.ac.uk/sustainability-in-the-builtenvironment/

Sustainability in the built environment

Walker 🐉

ICRC T SBE



URBAN RETROFITTING FOR SUSTAINABILITY Mapping the Transition to 2050

Edited by Tim Dixon, Malcolm Eames, Simon Lannon and Miriam Hunt



Professor Tim Dixon Chair in Sustainable Futures in the Built Environment School of Construction Management and Engineering University of Reading Engineering Building Whiteknights PO Box 205 Reading RG6 6AY

Reading Like



TOWARDS



Our Changing Climate: Past, Present and Future

Find out more about the climate of the past and how climate change can present a number of risks and opportunities.



Download videor standard or HI

ABOUT THE COURSE

10 Nov 2014 Go to course IN PROGRESS, WEEK 4 OF 1

🗶 🗗 💱 in 🗠

Reading

FREE online course

Duration: 5 weeks

Certificates availa

C 3 hours pw